

Problem:

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin^3(x) \sin(x+a)}} dx$$

Rewrite/simplify:

$$= \int \frac{1}{\sin^{\frac{3}{2}}(x) \sqrt{\sin(x+a)}} dx$$

Apply addition formulas and/or multiple-angle/argument formulas:

$$\begin{aligned}\sin(x \pm y) &= \sin(x) \cos(y) \pm \cos(x) \sin(y), \\ \cos(x \pm y) &= \cos(x) \cos(y) \mp \sin(x) \sin(y)\end{aligned}$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{\sin^{\frac{3}{2}}(x) \sqrt{\cos(a) \sin(x) + \sin(a) \cos(x)}} dx$$

Prepare for substitution, use:

$$\begin{aligned}\sin(x) &= \frac{1}{\csc(x)}, \\ \cos(x) &= \frac{\cot(x)}{\csc(x)}\end{aligned}$$

$$= \int - \left(- \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(a) \cot(x) + \cos(a)}} \right) \csc^2(x) dx$$

$$\text{Substitute } u = \cot(x) \longrightarrow \frac{du}{dx} = -\csc^2(x) \text{ (steps)}$$

$$\longrightarrow dx = -\frac{1}{\csc^2(x)} du:$$

$$= - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(a)u + \cos(a)}} du$$

... or choose an alternative:

Substitute $\tan(x)$

Now solving:

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(a)u + \cos(a)}} du$$

Substitute $v = \sin(a)u + \cos(a) \longrightarrow \frac{dv}{du} = \sin(a)$

(steps) $\longrightarrow du = \frac{1}{\sin(a)} dv$:

$$= \frac{1}{\sin(a)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{v}} dv$$

Now solving:

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{v}} dv$$

Apply power rule:

$$\begin{aligned} \int v^n dv &= \frac{v^{n+1}}{n+1} \text{ with } n = -\frac{1}{2}: \\ &= 2\sqrt{v} \end{aligned}$$

Plug in solved integrals:

$$\begin{aligned} &\frac{1}{\sin(a)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{v}} dv \\ &= \frac{2\sqrt{v}}{\sin(a)} \end{aligned}$$

Undo substitution $v = \sin(a)u + \cos(a)$:

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{\sin(a)u + \cos(a)}}{\sin(a)}$$

Plug in solved integrals:

$$\begin{aligned} & - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(a)u + \cos(a)}} du \\ &= - \frac{2\sqrt{\sin(a)u + \cos(a)}}{\sin(a)} \end{aligned}$$

Undo substitution $u = \cot(x)$:

$$= - \frac{2\sqrt{\sin(a)\cot(x) + \cos(a)}}{\sin(a)}$$

The problem is solved:

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\sin^{\frac{3}{2}}(x) \sqrt{\sin(x+a)}} dx \\ &= - \frac{2\sqrt{\sin(a)\cot(x) + \cos(a)}}{\sin(a)} + C \end{aligned}$$