

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \int_{x/2}^x \sin^{-1} t \, dt$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_{x/2}^x 1 \cdot \sin^{-1} t \, dt = \int_{x/2}^x t \cdot \sin^{-1} t - \int \frac{t}{\sqrt{1-t^2}} dt$$

$$\text{let } (1-t^2=x) \Rightarrow \frac{\partial x}{\partial t} = -2t$$

$$\Rightarrow t \sin^{-1} t - \int \frac{t}{\sqrt{x}} \times \frac{\partial x}{-2t}$$

$$\Rightarrow t \sin^{-1} t + \frac{1}{2} \times 2 \sqrt{x}$$

$$\Rightarrow \left[t \sin^{-1} t + \sqrt{1-t^2} \right]_{x/2}^x$$

$$\Rightarrow (x \cdot \sin^{-1} x + \sqrt{1-x^2}) - \left(\frac{x}{2} \cdot \sin^{-1} \frac{x}{2} + \sqrt{1-\frac{x^2}{4}} \right)$$

taking limit

$$\Rightarrow (0 + 1) - (0 + 1) = \boxed{0} \text{ A}$$