

$$\frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 \frac{x \sin^{-1} x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$$

$$\text{let } \sin^{-1} x = t \Rightarrow \frac{dt}{dx} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{x t}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \times \sqrt{1-x^2} dt$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} t \sin t dt$$

$$\Rightarrow \left[-t \cos t + \int 1 \cdot \cos t dt \right]_0^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \left[-t \cos t + \sin t \right]_0^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \left[-\sin^{-1} x \cos(\sin^{-1} x) + \sin \sin^{-1} x \right]_0^{\frac{1}{2}} \checkmark$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin^{-1} \frac{1}{2} = \cos(\sin^{-1} \frac{1}{2}) + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$- [0]$$

$$\Rightarrow -\frac{\pi}{6} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\frac{\sqrt{3}\pi - 6}{12}} \quad \text{Ans}$$