

$$h^2 \left[f\left(x + \frac{7}{h^2}\right) - f\left(x - \frac{2}{h^2}\right) \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow \lim_{h \rightarrow \infty} \frac{f\left(x + \frac{7}{h^2}\right) - f\left(x - \frac{2}{h^2}\right)}{\left(\frac{7}{h^2}\right)} \quad \left(\frac{0}{0} \text{ form} \right)$$

Apply L Hospital rule

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow \infty} \frac{f'\left(x + \frac{7}{h^2}\right) \left(-\frac{14}{h^3}\right) - f'\left(x - \frac{2}{h^2}\right) \left(-\frac{4}{h^3}\right)}{\left(-\frac{2}{h^3}\right)}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow \infty} \frac{14 f'\left(x + \frac{7}{h^2}\right) - 4 f'\left(x - \frac{2}{h^2}\right)}{2}$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow \infty} I_n(x) = \frac{14 f'(x+0) - 4 f'(x-0)}{2}$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow \infty} I_n(5) = \frac{14 f'(5) - 4 f'(5)}{2}$$

$$= \frac{14 \times 7 - 4 \times 7}{2}$$

$$= 35$$