

Ans $(D+a)y = \sec ax$

Auxiliary equation

$$m^2 + a^2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow m = \pm ai$$

$$C.F. = (C_1 \cos ax + C_2 \sin ax)$$

$$P.I. = \frac{\sec ax}{D^2 + a^2}$$

$\therefore$ we know that $(x+ia)(x-ia) = x^2 - i^2 a^2 = x^2 - (-1)a^2$

$$= x^2 - i^2 a^2 \quad \text{where } i = \sqrt{-1}$$

$$i^2 = -1$$

$$= x^2 + a^2$$

$$(x+ia)(x-ia) = x^2 + a^2$$

$$\underline{\text{So}} \quad (D^2 + a^2) = (D+ia)(D-ia)$$

$$= \frac{\sec ax}{(D+ia)(D-ia)}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2ia} \left[\frac{1}{D-ia} - \frac{1}{D+ia} \right] \sec ax$$

$$= \frac{1}{2ia} \left[\frac{\sec ax}{D-ia} - \frac{\sec ax}{D+ia} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2ia} \left[e^{iax} \int e^{-iax} \sec ax dx - e^{-iax} \int e^{iax} \sec ax dx \right]$$

$\therefore$

We know that $\frac{f(x)}{D+a} = e^{-ax} \int e^{ax} f(x) dx$

$$\therefore e^{iax} = \cos ax + i \sin ax$$

$$\text{and } e^{-iax} = \cos ax - i \sin ax$$

$$= \frac{1}{2ia} \left[e^{iax} \int e^{-iax} \sec ax \, dx - e^{-iax} \int e^{iax} \sec ax \, dx \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2ai} \left[e^{iax} \int (\cos ax - i \sin ax) \sec ax \, dx - e^{-iax} \int (\cos ax + i \sin ax) \sec ax \, dx \right]$$

$$\therefore \sec a = \frac{1}{\cos a}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2ia} \left[e^{iax} \int (1 - i \tan ax) \, dx - e^{-iax} \int (1 + i \tan ax) \, dx \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2ia} \left[e^{iax} \left\{ \int dx - i \int \tan ax \, dx \right\} - e^{-iax} \left\{ \int dx + i \int \tan ax \, dx \right\} \right]$$

$$\therefore \left[\int \tan x \, dx = \log \sec x \right. \\ \left. = -\log \cos x \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2ia} \left[e^{iax} \left\{ x + \frac{i}{a} \log \cos ax \right\} - e^{-iax} \left\{ x - \frac{i}{a} \log \cos ax \right\} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2ia} \left[(\cos ax + i \sin ax) \left\{ x + \frac{i}{a} \log \cos ax \right\} - (\cos ax - i \sin ax) \left\{ x - \frac{i}{a} \log \cos ax \right\} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2ia} \left[x \cos ax + i x \sin ax + \frac{i}{a} \cos ax \log \cos ax + \frac{i^2}{a} \sin ax \log \cos ax \right. \\ \left. - x \cos ax + i x \sin ax + \frac{i}{a} \cos ax \log \cos ax - \frac{i^2}{a} \sin ax \log \cos ax \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2ai} \left[\frac{2i}{a} \cos ax \log \cos ax + 2ix \sin ax \right]$$

$$\underline{P_0 I_0} = \frac{1}{92} \cos 9x \log \cos 9x + \frac{x}{9} \sin 9x$$

hence the general solution is given as ⁵

$$y(x) = c_0 f_0 + P_0 I_0$$