## **Newton Divided Differences and Nested Multiplication**

The following algorithm overwrites given initial values  $c_0 = y_0, \ldots, c_n = y_n$  with their Newton divided differences at distinct  $x_0, \ldots, x_n$ . The final  $c_0, \ldots, c_n$  are the coefficients of the interpolating polynomial  $p_n(x)$  in Newton form, i.e.,

$$p_n(x) = c_0 + c_1(x - x_1) + \ldots + c_n(x - x_0) \ldots (x - x_n).$$

## NEWTON DIVIDED DIFFERENCES:

Given initial  $c_0=y_0,\,\ldots,\,c_n=y_n$  and distinct  $x_0,\,\ldots,\,x_n,$  For  $k=1,\,\ldots,\,n$  For  $j=n,\,\ldots,\,k$  Update  $c_j\leftarrow(c_j-c_{j-1})/(x_j-x_{j-k}).$ 

The following algorithm evaluates the interpolating polynomial in Newton form at a point x, given the Newton divided differences  $c_0, \ldots, c_n$  at distinct  $x_0, \ldots, x_n$ .

## NESTED MULTIPLICATION:

Given the coefficients  $c_0, \ldots, c_n$  and distinct  $x_0, \ldots, x_n$ ,

Set  $pval = c_n$ .

For k = n - 1, ..., 0

Update  $pval \leftarrow c_k + (x - x_k) \cdot pval$ .